

CONCEPTUAL AND CATEGORICAL FRAMEWORK IN THE THEORY OF INNOVATIVE CLUSTERS DEVELOPMENT

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The world practice shows that cluster-based unifications of enterprises are the main driving force of development of innovative economy, as by the essence they are economic entities, which are characterized by the implementation of innovative-oriented economic activity. Today Ukraine has a set of systematic problems, which not only cause the lack of constructive conception of the cluster paradigm development in Ukraine, but also is negatively reflected in at possible qualitative and quantitative growth of economy.

The main problem of the clusters' development in Ukraine is the lack of secured in the legislation conceptual and categorical framework concerning the clusters' activity. The lack of such a concept in the economic legislation complicates possibilities of clear recognition of economic association as a cluster.

The Economic Code of Ukraine in the Article 12 "Association of Enterprises" states definitions of the concept of enterprises association and forms of association, which is enshrined in the law in Ukraine, namely: associations, corporations, consortiums, concerns, other associations of enterprises envisaged by the legislation, which can also be alliances, unions, employers' associations etc. a common feature of all these notions is that they envisage an association of several enterprises, partially their common feature is availability or absence in such associations

of charter, completely distinctive features are the terms of association establishment on a full-time basis or for executing a certain task, possibility of association of enterprises of one or several branches and so on.

Schematically the definitions, which are appropriate for supplementing the national economic, tax and investment legislation, are presented in a figure in the article, where it is possible to see that only in the availability of balanced institutional environment where economic, tax and investment aspects of the clusters' functioning are clearly regulated, this form of joint business will develop with high efficiency. In authorized authorities it is necessary to specify their functional responsibilities concerning the contributing to development of the cluster paradigm in Ukraine; in particular, it concerns regional investment and development centres, regional, local and district public administrations, relevant ministries and so on.

The article proposes the key concepts, which are necessary to be added to the legislation of Ukraine on the clusters' development, determines the conceptual and categorical framework of the clusters' development in Ukraine, which is considered as a system of adding a set of regulatory legal acts of Ukraine on the creation of possibilities of clusters' functioning since the lack of clear regulatory support of the development of clusters is one of the key obstacles on the way of their development in Ukraine.